Continued from first page.

wise the government will soon have to choose

between repression and anarchy. LAW AND ORDER PARTY.

The new party of law and order, which has lately sprung into being, with organizations in St. Petersburg, Moscow, the Baltic provinces, Astrakhan, Simfemopol and elsewhere, the principal plank in the platform of which is the allying of the sober and conservative forces of the nation to attain long expected liberties through co-operation with Count Witte, is presching that all will be lost and the country into hopeless bloodshed unless the forces of law and order" unite to aid the

M. Krosowsky, president of the St. Petersburg Municipal Council, who has placed himself at the head of the St. Petersburg group of this party. presided yesterday at an enthusiastic meeting of the leading citizens, including many who for years have been prominently identified with the liberal cause, who enrolled themselves under the benner of the party against the agitators.

The exodus of foreign residents who are afraid to remain during the winter continues. Most of them are going by way of Finland, as all acnedations on the boats which will sail before the close of navigation have been engaged. The cost of passage to Stettin by water, which ordinarily is \$12, is now \$100. Many members of the English and German colonies and about half of the small American colony, are departing. More than twenty-six thousand foreign passports have been issued in St. Petersburg in

BOMB CAST AT COSSACKS.

Soldiers Charge House-Warsaw Government Theatres Closed.

Warsaw, Nov. 17 .- A bomb was thrown from a window of a house in Wolska-st, at a Cossack equadron this evening. There were no casualties. The Cossacks fired volleys at the house, which they subsequently searched and arrested two of their assailants. All the government theatres have been ordered closed.

RAILROADS IN OPERATION

Traffic in Warsaw Resumed-Moscow Lines Open. Warsaw, Nov. 17.-Regular railroad traffic has

been resumed throughout Poland, the strike of the railroad men having ended. The normal life of the city has been resumed.

The banks and stores have opened and the factories are in operation. When the telegraphers appeared for work to-

day they were informed that they were discharged for taking part in the strikes and that their places had been filled.

The local strike committee pronounced itself as opposed in principle to the general strike declared in St. Petersburg.

Moscow, Nov. 17 .- All the Moscow railroads except the Nicholas line are working regularly. one train arrived from St. Petersburg today, but regular traffic from Moscow to St. Petersburg has been resumed.

The telegraphers, at a meeting to-day, resolved to direct their energies solely to ecor purposes and to disregard politics.

STRIKERS APPEAL FOR AID

St. Petersburg Workmen Ask Cooperation of Government's Men.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 17.-The workmen's organization to-day addressed the following appeal to the soldiers and sailors

Comrades and Brothers: For a long time we have misunderstood each other. Your officers taught you to regard us as enemies of the fatherland, and as criminals whom you should shoot, beat with your whips and butcher with your bayonets.

Our struggle for the people's freedom and the people's wellbeing has been depicted to you as a revolution against the fatherland which you are obliged to suppress. Many of you, believing this, have shot your own brothers, filling the streets of our towns with blood.

The case is now altered. The eyes of many of the soldiers and sallors have been opened. They understand that all of us are brothers, and that we are sons of the same nations whose common enemies are your commanders and those in power. They understand that the liberty of the eople is their own liberty and the good of the

people is their own sperty and the good of the people their own good.

The men of the Black Sea fleet at Cronstadt stood against their commanders and signified that they wanted to lead the lives of men, that they wanted liberty, and they associated them-selves with the cause of the people. A hun-dred sallors at Cronstadt have been handed over to a court martial and to-day or to-morrow may e executed. Knowing this we workmen of St. be executed. Knowing this we workmen of St. Petersburg struck, demanding the release of our soldler and sallor brothers, and the abolition of court martial and the death penalty.

Is it possible that you, soldlers and sallors, will not arise and help your brothers at Cronstadt? Is it possible that you will remain hand in hand with the murderers of your brothers at Cronstadt?

Cronstad?

We workmen say. "The cause of the soldier and the sailor is our cause," and so we have sone out on strike. You must say everywhere, "The cause of the workmen is our cause, and the struggle of the workmen our struggle," and you must associate yourselves with the struggling people. You must strike and refuse to perform the duties imposed on you. Do not listen to the word of command calling upon you to not down word of command calling upon you to put down the workmen's movement. Let not one shot be fired by you against the people. Down with your bloodthirsty commanders! Long live a free government and a free people!"

MUTINY IN MANCHURIA?

Forty-two Officers Reported Shot for Taking Part.

St Petersburg, Nov. 17 .- A mutiny in the Manchurian army is the latest rumor in this city. According to the report, the Emperor has received a dispatch from General Linevitch, telling him of a revolt among the troops, which was only suppressed after a fight in which many soldiers were killed or wounded. Forty-two officers are reported shot for taking part in the conspiracy. No confirmation of the rumor is obtainable from the officials of the War Office.

SHIFT If Your Food Fails to Sustain You, Change.

One sort of diet may make a person despo dent, depressed and blue and a change to the kind of food the body demands will change the

whole thing.

A young woman from Phil. says:

"For several years I kept in a rundown miscrable sort of condition, was depressed and apprehensive of trouble. I lost flesh in a distressing way and seemed in a perpetual sort of dreamy nightmare. No one serious disease showed, but the 'all-over' sickness was enough. Pinally between the doctor and Father I was put on Grape-Nuts and cream as it was decided I must have nourishing food that the body could make use of.

make use of.

"The wonderful change that came over me was not, like Jonah's gourd, the growth of a single night, and yet it came with a rapidity that astonished me. During the first week I gained several pounds in weight, my spirits improved, and the world began to look brighter and more worth while. And this has continued steadily, till now, after the use of Grape-Nuts for only a few weeks, I am perfectly well, feel splendidly, take a lively interest in everything, and am a changed person in every way." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

STRIKERS' FIRMERS TAND. BITTER AGAINST WITTE.

Workmen Break Negotiations-Reiterate Original Demands.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 17 .- The workmen's council has broken off all negotiations with Count Witte. The resolution of the council of workmen's delegates in reply to Count Witte's appeal to the workingmen says:

council of workmen's delegates ex-

The council of workmen's delegates expresses astonishment at the Emperor's favorite who permits himself to call the workmen of St. Petersburg his brethren. The proletariat is not related to him in any way.

Count Witte appeals to us to be compassionate of our wives and children. The council in reply invites the workmen to count the widows and orphans who have been added to the ranks of the workmen since the day Count Witte assumed power.

count Witte reveals the benevolent intentions of the Emperor toward the working classes. The council reminds the proletariet of bloody Sun-

Count Witte begs us to give the government time, and promises to do all that is possible for the workmen. The council knows Count Witte has already found time to give Poland into the hands of the military executioners. The council does not doubt Count Witte will do all that is possible to strangle the revolutionary prole-

Count Witte calls himself a man who is benevolent toward us and wishes our good. The council declares the working classes have no need of the benevolence of a court favorite, but demand a popular government, on the basis of universal, direct and secret suffrage.

MUTINEERS' SENTENCES LIGHT.

The ringleader of the Cronstadt mutiny has been sent to Schlusselburg Fortress, where he will stand trial. At the Navy Department it was stated that there was no intention to try the great mass of the mutinous sailors, the outbreak being regarded more as a drunken riot than a mutiny, for which the officers themselves were largely responsible. Only the leaders will be tried, and their punishment will be as light as possible. The bulk of them will be sent to sea on a punitive cruise.

Chargé d'Affaires Eddy has received word that the United States cruiser Minneapolis, now at Cherbourg, after leaving that port will proceed to Copenhagen, and if the American Embassy thinks it advisable she will continue her cruise to the Baltic Sea that she may be available to meet any emergency here. Mr. Eddy, however, is informing the State Department that the Neva will be icebound in ten days, and advising against sending the cruiser here.

The imperial ukase on the land question is sued to-day, although it wipes out about \$40, 000,000 of the peasants' arrearages of debt which under ordinary circumstances might have been received with joy, is another disappointment. The promises of additional lands are too vague to calm the agitated, starving peasants, who, in the valleys of the Don and Volga, are marching, pillaging, burning and

ARREST GEN. BRUGERE.

Severe Penalty for Commander of French Army.

Paris, Nov. 17 .- The Council of Ministers at a meeting to-day decided to inflict fifteen days' arrest on General Brugere, commander of the army, for making public details of a conference which he had with the Minister of War relative to the controversy between General Brugere and General Percin, who was chief of staff under General Andre, the former Minister of War. The generals recently met in the Bois de Boulogne n horseback, and General Brugere refused to on horseback, and General Brugere refused to acknowledge the salute of General Percin. which, it was said at the time, would lead to a duel. Explanations before the War Minister led to an adjustment of the incident. General Brugere then gave out a statement saying that he had refused the War Minister's request to shake hands with General Percin. The decision of the Council of Ministers to cause General Brugere's arrest followed. The measure is one of extraordinary severity against the head of the army.

IN FEAR OF AUSTRIA.

Powers' Demonstration Against Turkey May Weaken Alliance.

Vienna, Nov. 17.—Speaking of the naval demenstration against Turkey, which a combined fleet of the powers will make in case the Sultan continues to refuse to accept the ultimatum of the powers on Macedonian reforms; a well known diplomat said to-day:

known diplomat said to-day:

The giving to an Austrian admiral—Admiral Litter von Jedina—the command of the combined fleets is a deargerous honor because Austria is being jealously watched by the powers, who will not permit her to reap any of the benefits, and nobody doubts that it is the ultimate intention of the powers to obtain material advantages at the expense of Turkey.

Germany would never for an instant permit Austrian aggrandizement because Italy in retailation would take steps toward the breaking up of the Triple Alliance, and without the Triple Alliance Germany would be practically isolated in Europe. Germany and Italy are willing for Austria to bear the onus of the action against Turkey, but they are unanimous in the determination that she shall reap no reward, while Great Eritain would gladly look upon any action tending to weaken the Triple Alliance. while Great Britain would gladly look upon any action tending to weaken the Triple Alliance. Turkey undoubtedly fully realizes the weakeness of the proposed demonstration, owing to the jealousies of the powers, and, therefore, she is likely to prove obdurate.

SIR CHARLES HARDINGE TO RESIGN

Rumor That He Will Leave Russia To Be Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

London, Nov. 18.—"The Standard" this morning published a report, which it is impossible to confirm, that Sir Charles Hardinge, the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg, is about to resign, and that he will succeed Sir Thomas Sanderson as Permanent Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

EARL OF MINTO AT BOMBAY. Bombay, Nov. 17.-The Earl of Minto, the ne

Bombay, Nov. 17.—The Earl of Minto, the new Viceroy of India, forms: by Governor General of Canada, arrived here this evening. The retiring Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, will leave Bombay to-morrow morning for England.

MAY HEAR OPERA AT HOME.

New Device Adapted from Telephone Shown at Broadway Theatre.

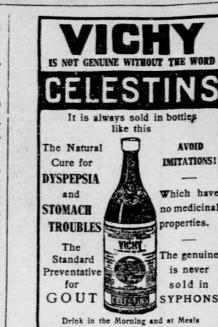
A device invented by K. M. Turner, of No. 114 A device invented by K. M. Turner, of No. 114 West \$2d-st., called the multiphone, was shown in operation at the Broadway Theatre last night. This device is an adaptation of the telephone. Re-inforced transmitters are placed near the footlights (or in front of a pulpit, etc.) and are connected by wires with a reinforced receiver anywhere that

may be wished.

Last night the receiver was in a room upstairs in the theatre building. Over the receiver was placed one of the large megaphones used with phonographs, and the men gathered in front of this horn heard the performance of "Veronique." The performance sounded almost like a phonograph record. It is the claim of the inventor that this device, installed in clubs or private dwellings, will enable folk to hear grand opera, concerts or sermons without leaving the house. Once installed in the Opera House, according to the inventor's assertion, the device will enable a man to sit before his fire in East Orange, or Concord, Mass., and hear Carsuso sing.

HILL ACQUIRES GULF AND INTERSTATE.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]
Galveston, Tex., Nov. 17.—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway, acting for the Hill interests, and lexas Railway, acting for the Hill Interests, has acquired control of the Gulf and Interestate road from Galveston to Beaumont. The "Katy's" Trinity branch will be connected with the main line at Granger from Trinity and the extension built from Colmesnell to Beaumont and Port Arthur. giving a direct line through a rich lumber, rice and oll territory of East Texas, with outlets at Gal-



JEWS RUSH TO RESCUE.

All Hebrews Aroused Over Russian Wrongs-Fund Grows Apace.

esterday by Jacob H. Schiff.

Lord Rothschild is taking an active interest in lected there. His dispatch to Mr. Schiff reads:

Russian catastrophe, according to details from Russia to-day, far greater than expected; out-rages, murder and wholesale robbery and in-cendiarism in eighty-four towns; so relief fund has huge took to greater with

The national relief committee in this city reported yesterday the receipt of \$67,191 65 for Thursday, which brings the total received by Jacob H. Schiff, treasurer, up to \$369,870 04. Mr. Schiff transferred £20,000 yesterday to Lord Rothschild, making in all £80,000 sent to London. The \$31,000 difference between the amount collected and that sent to London is advanced by Mr. Schiff.

Francisco. Other contribution

New-Orleans, \$5,000,	making	from	that	city	
Pittsburg, second re-	mittance.				
Louisville					
YFACUSO					
AMILBER LILY					
JOURSVILLE, KV.					
Peoria					
Peoria		*****	****		
coronio, Canada		20000			
mrence C. Minzesne	mer				
hattanooga					
liffany & Co					
Shorter Mitchell I w				****	
Sheriff Mitchell L. E	rlanger.				
terman A. Metz			4000		
Robert W. De Fores	* (SO) (SO)				
eth Low		10000		****	
Oppressmen Colde.	*******	*****	****		
ongressman Goldfor	10				
porough President Jo	nn F. Al	mearn.			
aulkner, Page & Co	No. of the last of				

authorized its treasurer to send \$2,000.

The Jews of the East Side are also contributng to the fund what their means will permit. Most of these donations are made through the State Bank, at No. 376 Grand-st. Arnold Kohn, ice-president of the bank, announced yester day that \$11,696 had been received there, mostly

Russia. Such a fund, he said, would aid in

The work of relief for the Jews in Russia will e the leading subject of discussion in all the

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 17.—The Jews here ar arranging a monster mass meeting for next Sunay, at which they expect to raise much money to purchase arms and ammunition with which to supply their brethren in Russia and enable them o protect themselves against mob violence. The eaders of this movement say that this meeting s part of a national but secret scheme, which s entirely independent of the relief fund moveis entirely independent of the relief fund move-ment. Funds for the latter were raised at a mass meeting held last Sunday.

Bill Calling for Their Construction, at a Cost of \$6,750,000 Each, Adopted.

ne \$41,250,000.

The naval appropriation bill is also published. In the abstract it provides for an incresae in the size and armament of the vessels hitherto voted under the old fleet law, making the cost of the battleships \$9,000,000 instead of \$6,250,000.

The report accompanying the bills says that the regular naval budget rises from \$58,250,000

the regular naval budget rises from \$58,250,000 in 1905 to \$82,000,000 in 1917. The extra vessels cause an increase of 126 officers and 5,643 non-commissioned officers and seamen.

The report explains the increased proportions and cost of the ships already voted as being due to the lessons taught by the Russo-Japanese war. The new torpedo boats for the same reasons will also be larger.

The appropriation bill also provides \$1,250,000 to continue experimenting with submarine boats, etc.

MUST EJECT "DISORDERLY" TENANTS.

Court Gives Notice to Owners-May Have Trouble to Break Sub-Leases.

Several real estate owners who, the police alfor disorderly purposes were summoned to the Jefferson Market police court yesterday. M. Sam-15th-st, by November 21 or to show cause. The others who were complained of were John H. Drew, of No. 431 West 17th-st., with an alleged Schrag, of No. 266 West 23d-st., with a house in West 26th-st. The two latter men were allowed until November 26 to eject their tenants.

Greater even than those details received from Russia have told, is the catastrophe that has be fallen the Jews, says Lord Rothschild, the leading Jew of England, in a cable dispatch received

the relief work in progress among the Jews of the world for the aid of their brethren. He is treasurer in England for the fund being col

has huge task to grapple with.

Among the contributions reported yesterday was a second installment of \$10,000 from San

New-Orleans, \$5,000, makin	ng from	that	city.		\$8,
Pittsburg, second remittan	ce				2,
Sylucuse					1
Kansas City					10,
Louisville, Ky					200
Peoria					3,
Peoria					- 1.
					- 1
Toronto, Canada.					
Clarence C. Minzesneimer					-1.
Tiffany & Co	*******				84,
Charles Street No.			*****		
CHEIM MICINEIL L. EPIRTER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
AND HEREIT PL. MICE P		20000			
Robert W. De Forest					
Soth Low	THITTENAN		*****	*****	
Seth Low		****			
Congressman Goldfogle					
Dorough President John F.	Ahearn.				
Faulkner, Page & Co			320000		
	orrest exec				

Advices from Philadelphia say that the committee there has collected \$50,000, which, with the money raised by the permanent relief comnittee, of which Mayor Weaver is the head, orings the total contributed in Philadelphia to

The Chicago committee also reports contribuions amounting to \$50,000, and in Cleveland the fund amounts to more than \$10,000. The Jewish congregations of Richmond, Va., have

small amounts.

R. Sadowsky, who forwarded his check for \$500, suggested in a letter that a fund should also be held in trust to assist the Jews who will be driven to these shores by the persecutions in olonizing a tract of land in this country where they could make their homes. The suggestion will be taken into consideration.

temples at the Sabbath services to-day.

JEWS PREPARING TO ARM BRETHREN.

FOR SIX NEW GERMAN CRUISERS.

Berlin, Nov. 17 .- The Federal Council to-day depted the navy increase bill, which will be laid before the Reichstag at its forthcoming session. The bill provides for the increase of the present building plan by six large cruisers, of which five are for the so-called foreign fleet, and also for the raising of the number of torpedo divisions from sixteen to twenty-four. The cost of each cruiser will be \$6,750,000. The entire additional cost up to the year 1916 will

lege, have rented houses which have been used uels, of No. 761 Washington-st., received notice to eject the present tenants from his house in West disorderly house in West 17th-st., and Louis Louis Schrag, who was accused of renting a

house for immoral purposes, said: It is true that I am the agent of the ho

It is true that I am the agent of the house in West 26th-st which has been leased for a term of three years to a tenant who gave references at that time. He has sublet the house, and I have repeatedly tried to break the lease and put out the tenants.

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

We not only make shoes that are stylish, wellfitting and appropriate, but we put into each pair materials that endure, and that ensure good shape as long as serviceable.

We also carry a full line of special shoes procurable at no other store and which answer the requirements of all unusual conditions.

60=62 West 23d Street.

Committee of Fifty Indignant at

Railroad's Alleged Treachery.

ASK 11TH-AVE. SUBWAY.

railway tracks from 11th-ave. has decided to make another fight at the next meeting of the legislature to have these sources of danger taken away. At a recent meeting of the organization the Rev. John P. Chidwick, the chaplain of the ill fated battleship Maine, now pastor of St. Ambrose Church, at No. 513 West 54th-st., was elected president, and committees on law, finance

and neighborhood agitation were organized. Every week brings added reasons for the abolition of the grade crossings on these West Side streets. At the 59th-st, crossing two men and a boy have been run down and killed within

two weeks. Two trains going in opposite directions were passing this busy crossing Thursday morning. John Goss, who happened to be passing, noticed the absence of the flagman, Edward Fleming, who had fallen dead in his shanty, and the danger to people who were hurrying along the street. He pulled off his coat and tried to flag an approaching milk train. The engineer paid no attention. Then Goss ran into the shanty and took the red danger flag from the hands of the dead watchman. This brought the milk train to a halt with its cow catcher over the crossing. The Mount Vernon passenger train, known as the "Dolly Varden." rushed past the street, while Goss waved back approaching

vehicles.

At the last session of the legislature, the committee of fifty presented a bill which was fathered and worked for in the Senate by Martin Saxe, and in the Assembly by Mervin C. Stanley. It provided that the New-York Central Railroad Company be compelled to remove the tracks to a subway constructed at the company's expense. The bill passed the House, but was held up by the committee on rules in the Serate.

Representatives of the New-York Central Railroad at the time declared that if the bill was defeated they would prepare plans for a subway and present a bill for that purpose to the next legislature. It was reported at the recent meeting of the committee that the railroad was making no preparations to fulfil this promise, and the decision was promptly reached to take up the fight on even broader lines than before.

SUICIDE ON "L" TRACK

Letter Carrier Throws Himself Before Third-ave. Train.

A man who, from papers found in his pockets, is believed to be Edward Carley, twenty-six years old, of No. 145 Alexander-ave., committed suicide late last night by throwing himself in front of an elevated train, as it was pulling into the Tremont-ave. station of the 3d-ave. line. His clothing was

station of the 3d-ave. line. His clothing was searched and \$35 in cash and an insurance policy on the Prudential Life Insurance Company for \$324 were found, besides a number of clippings of poetry treating of love. It was learned later that Carley was a letter carrier.

After the accident, which caused a block of almost half an hour, the motorman was allowed to take his train to the end of the line, where he was placed under arrest. He gave his name as George W. Seebach. of No. \$42 East 170th-st. He was paroled by Coroner Berry in the custody of the station agent of the Tremont-ave station.

It was learned from a relative of the family that Carley was married about four years ago. His family life was pleasant until a short time ago, when there was some trouble over money matters.

DOG HAS BIRTHDAY DINNER.

Ordinary Mongrel Lives Eighteen Years and Is Rewarded by a Celebration.

Louisville, Nov. 17.-Boots is only an ordinary dog of no particular pedigree or blue ribbons, yet he had served to him to-day a course dinner that would have made envious the most epicurean of the canine family. This was the eighteenth year of Boots's existence, and his owners, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lord, thought to celebrate it in the most proved manner.

Boots had a seat at the table and his dinner was
rved to him in courses. It is not of record that
particularly observed the proper decorum, but
is a fact that he got all the bacon and things
at were coming to him.

FORMER ACTRESS LOSES DIAMONDS. Gems Belong to Mrs. Hawley, Who Was Miss Marie Shotwell.

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a package of diamonds consigned to Mrs. M. D. H. Haw-ley, of No. 2,405 13th-ave., Dyker Heights, Brooklyn. The diamonds are variously valued at from \$10,000 to \$15,000. Mrs. Hawley was formerly Miss Marie Shotwell, an actress. She retired from the stage seven years ago, and declared last night that she had no thought of returning.

"I sent a package of diamonds to the firm of Shrewe, Crump & Low, Boston, to be cleaned," said Mrs. Hawley. "They returned them on September 22. On the following day an expressman brought them to the house while my husband and I were out. The servant offered him \$5 to pay the expressage. He said he had no change and walked awaw. I haven't seen the diamonds since; neither has the firm.

Among other valuables the package is supposed to contain a diamond necklace presented to Mrs. Hawley by her mother, who received it from Jennie Lind. nds are variously valued at from \$10,000

BURTON HOLMES LECTURES.

Burton Holmes began his series of lectures on travel—"Travelogues," as he calls them-at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon, before a given yesterday, deals with the siege and surrender of Port Arthur, and because of the great number of motion pictures which he displayed that were both vivid and thrilling, the lecture was unusually entertaining. The pictures were not all motion pictures, and it was not until the end of the talk that the actual operations about Port Arthur were disclosed, but when that point was reached no one could fail to gain a more vivid and horrible impression of the grimness of the siege and a clearer idea of how it was conducted.

Mr. Holmes shows so many pictures of action that his talk is quite subservient. The same lecture will be repeated at the same place on Sunday wening. crowded and enthusiastic house. His first lecture,

TO FIGHT AGAINST TRACKS ARMY AND NAVY NEWS. [From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, November 17.

UNDESIRABLE NAVY PUBLICITY .- Secretary Bonaparte has ordered that the annual reports of the navy bureau chiefs which have not yet been made public shall be withheld until he has ar opportunity to read them, and possibly until the appearance of his own report. This is the result of the publicity attending the remarks and recommendations of Rear Admiral C. W. Rae, engine in chief of the navy, on the subject of naval personnel. The bureau chief went pretty thoroughly into the question of the need of navy engineers, and in the course of his comments remarked that the pavy was not in a position to win battles, owing to the lack of trained engineers and the failure of the Navy Department to provide engineer officers for ships of war. This assertion has attracted much attention, especially abroad, and is considered to have been an injudicious statement to make, admitting it to be true. There is no subject which is approached more gingerly on every hand by those in authority than anything which has to do with the naval personnel, and in that general subject a comment upon naval engineering is regarded
as inviting peril to the author. Most naval officers
believe that the annual reports of bureau chiefs
should not be edited, and that the opinions expressed in that quarter should not be influenced
by higher authority unless it is desired that the
independence of chiefs shall be impaired. The
great trouble has been that the head of the department has little time to read annual reports, and
these documents have largely been ignored on every
hand. Hereafter there will be greater care exercised in the perusal of these reports, lest there be
something in the comments of the bureau chiefs
which will embarrass the Navy Department in its
plans for obtaining legislation. It is desired also
that there shall be nothing in the reports which
will attract much attention abroad. with the naval personnel, and in that general sub-

ORDERS ISSUED .- The following army, navy ARMY.

Irst Lieutenant ROBERT K. SPILLER, 26th Infantry, report to quartermaster general for temporary duty, and upon its completion to Philadelphia for inspection upon the Lourence of the Completion of the Com and marine corps orders have been issued:

duty at Philadelphia.

Captain, LEVERT COLEMAN, from 38th Company, Coast Artillery, to artillery district of San Francisco, with a view to appointment as district staff efficer.

Captain ROBERT B. CALLAN, from unassigned list to 38th Company, Coast Artillery.

Colonel JOHN VAN R. HOFF, assistant surgeon general, report to chief of staff for temporary duty.

Major JOHN T. KNIGHT, quartermaster, assume charge of construction work at Schujikill Arsenal. nd Lieutenant FREDERICK H. SVENSON, 3d In-fantry, from hospital, Vancouver Barracks, to Fort

Bliss. NAVY.
stant Surgeon E. A. VICKERY, detached the receiv ing ship Franklin, navy yard, Norfolk, granted leave until December MARINE CORPS. Captain HERBERT J. HIRSHINGER and First Lieutenant H. H. KIPP, appointed members, and Second Lieutenant ROBERT H. FARQUHARSON, judge advocate of general court martial on the Boston.

Captain ARTHUR T. MARIX, detached headquarters marine corps, to command marine barracks, naval

corps, to command a Captain HENRY C. DAVIS, detached marine barracks, Pensacola.

Pensacola.

Captain F. H. DELANO, to the Cincinnati, charge of recruiting district, relieving First Lieutenant D. W. BLAKE, who proceeds to marine barracks, New-York, for temporary duty.

for temporary duty.

Captain FRANK E. EVANS, retired upon completion of duties at Saunders Range, Md.; proceed to Washington and report to brigadier general, commandant.

Second Lieutenant CLAYTON B. VOGEL, detached marine barracks, Pensacola. First Lieutenant HARVEY C. EGAN, detached naval bos-pital, Mare Island; to home.

Second Lieutenant FREDERIC KENSEL, marine bar-racks, navy yard, Washington.
Captain ARTHUR E. HARDING, to office of judge advo-cate general of the navy.
Sirst Lieutenant R. I. Directory. MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.-The folwing movements of naval vessels have been re-

vember 16. The Blakely at Yorktown; the Stewart at Provincetown; the Worden and the MacDonough at Boston; the Tacoma at Tompkinsville; the Princeton at San Francisco; the Paul Jones at San Francisco; the Sandoval at Annapolis.

SAILED.

SAILED.

Sember 18—The Blakely, from Norfolk for Yorktown; the Stewart, from Boston for Provincetown; the Worden and the MacDonough, from Provincetown for Boston; the Tacoma, from New-York yard for Tompkinsville; the Chattanoga, from New-York yard for Tompkinsville; the Cleviand, from Sanchez for San Juan; the Scorpion, from San Juan for Santo Domingo Juan; the Scorpion, from San Juan for Rockland; the Citic, from San Francisco for Valparaiso; the Paul Jones, from Mare Island for San Francisco.

November 17-The Minneapolis at Cherbourg.

HOT TALK ON TURBINES.

Marine Men Discuss Them-Suggested for City Ferry.

A vigorous discussion of the steam turbine marked the last day's session of the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, held yes-terday in the auditorium of the American Soclety of Mechanical Engineers, No. 12 West 31st-

The first paper read was one by W. I. Babcock, a Chicago shipbuilder, who built, in 1895, the Vic-tory, the largest vessel ever built on fresh water. His paper was a scientific discussion of "Longitudinal Bending Moments of Certain Lake Steamers." The next paper, entitled "Some Notes on Steam Boller Troubles." was read by Horace See. The morning session closed with an address by Harold F. Norton on the strength of watertight bulkheads for big men-of-war.

In the afternoon the discussion centred on steam turblines. E. M. Speakman, an English associate of Charles Parsons, inventor of the Parsons turbline, and Charles G. Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had then stopped, because she had obtained, a decree from Justice Smith, of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, an American inventon, read papers. The turbline, an American inventon, read papers. The turbline, an American inventor of the Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had then stopped, because she had obtained, a decree from Justice Smith, of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, and Charles G. Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, and an absolute divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had then stopped, because she had obtained, a decree from Justice Smith, of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, and Charles G. Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, and a suprementation of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, and Charles G. Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, and a suprementation of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, and Charles G. Curtis, inventor of the Curtis, and a suprementation of the Supreme Court, granting her turbline, and the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceeded up to October 27, when she had the divorce proceeded up to October 27, when The morning session closed with an address by

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880-382 BROADWAY, COR. WHITE.

The Tribune publishes each Saturday annuments of the various churches, with name of preand topic of sermon. Consult these advertise to-day under heading of "Religious Notices." question of economy, turbines were too handy to be spared. W. L. R. Emmet, of the General Electric Company, described a variety of the Curtis turbine successfully used by him on a large scale.

Mr. Curtis was asked if turbines could not be used on the Staten Island ferryboats. He replied that the mechanism would be too complicated. Admiral Bowles said he could see no reason why a turbine could not be evolved for this purpose that could be promptly worked in the pilothouse by simply turning steam in one end of the engine to go ahead and in the other to back, thus reducing the chance of accident.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT VARIOUS CHURCHES.

HEARST EXPENSES \$65,843.

He Now Holds the Record for

Campaign Expenditures. Albany, Nov. 17.—William Randolph Hearst pertified to the Secretary of State to-day that his total campaign expenses were \$65,843 25. This breaks the record for such expenses, which was formerly held by Governor Higgins, who

spent in the last State campaign \$22,000. Mr. Hearst says that he contributed all but \$17,488 58 of the \$80,206 83, which was spent by the finance committee of the Municipal Ownership League for the benefit of all the candidates on the ticket, and expended \$3,125 personally for buttons and lithographs. Some of the larger items were: Law department, \$3,597; printing, \$8,609; music, \$7,898; carriage hire, \$2,810; rental of halls, decorations and illuminations, \$12,012; watchers for election, \$19,580; investi-

gation of registration, \$3,026. Mr. Hearst declares that this \$80,206 83 was expended equally for the benefit of all candidates on the ticket.

James G. Phelps Stokes, Municipal Ownership

candidate for President of the New-York Board of Aldermen, spent \$317. MRS. SEWELL GETS DIVORCE.

Stops Action to Have Decree Against Smelting President Set Aside.

Mrs Julia Thayer Sewell, as told in yesterday's Tribune, has stopped all legal action against her former husband, Barton Sewell, vice-president of the American Smelting and Refining Company, of this city. Early in August Mrs. Sewell returned from Europe and began divorce proceedings against Mr. Sewell. On August 21 she began proceedings to annul his divorce from her which he had obtained in Knoxville. He had married Mrs. Eliza beth B. Richie, of New-Jersey, two weeks after the Tennessee court had granted his petition Sewell obtained his divroce in January, while Mrs

Sewell obtained his divroce in January, while Mrs. Sewell was out of the country, on grounds which she considered questionable. Her action to have the divorce proceedings thrown out had not succeeded up to October 27, when she had them stopped, because she had obtained a decree from Justice Smith, of the Supreme Court, granting her an absolute divorce from her husband.

Mr. Sewell got his decree of divorce from the Tennessee courts last January, and on the 18h of the same month married Elizabeth, H. Ritchile at Montclair, N. J. The present decree will complicate the marital relations of the Sewells more than

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